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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/779,395	02/13/2004	Kenny Cheng	80034/11049	9005

29471 7590 10/18/2006

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EXAMINER

ELVE, MARIA ALEXANDRA

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

1725

DATE MAILED: 10/18/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/779,395

Applicant(s)

CHENG ET AL.

Examiner

M. Alexandra Elve

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 September 2006.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1,2,5-11,13-21,23 and 24 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1,2,5-11,13-21,23 and 24 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 09 July 2004 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____
- ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
- ☐ Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 5-10, 13-20 & 23-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tewari (USPN 6,495,793) in view of Gray et al. (USPN 6,387,541).

Tewari discloses the repair of a turbine part (aircraft part) such a defocused laser (14) in which repair powder (22) is deposited in the laser beam over a laser spot (10). Powder is melted and fused by the laser beam and deposited as a molten repair material at the surface (12) of the laser spot. The airfoil (in this case) is ground to a selected dimension to remove damaged material. The laser beam from the laser is focused away from the workpiece surface. After welding the welds were heat treated and subjected to a final machining. (abstract, figures, col. 2, lines 10-15, col. 4, lines 40-60, col. 5, lines 3-36)

Tewari teaches damage from high temperatures, but not specifically sulphidation.

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Gray et al. discloses a turbine blade, aerofoil, platform and root, which must be protected from oxidation and sulphidation. The protective austenitic stainless steel coating and chromium oxide layer provides protection against high temperature turbine environments, i.e. material loss or degradation due to oxidation and/or corrosion i.e. sulphate attack. (abstract, figures, col. 3, lines 63-67).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to note that sulphidation, as taught by Gray et al. is essentially the same degradation process as in Tewari because they are both degradation processes which render the part in a damaged state.

Claims 2, 11 & 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tewari and Gray et al., as stated in the above paragraph and further in view of Goodwater et al. (USPN 6,173,491).

Tewari and Gray et al. teach the removal of damaged material (grinding) prior to laser repair, but do not specifically teach other types of removal.

Goodwater et al. teaches the refurbishment of a turbine engine part (vanes, airfoils, platforms and so forth). Platforms are machined, using known machining processes (e.g. contour milling, automated belt sanding, manual belt sanding). Vacuum heat treatments are also performed during the machining, in order to restore the original microstructure. Following this the parts are laser clad.

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Final machining and coating is performed in order to restore the dimensions, surface finish and other critical features. (abstract, figures, col. 5-6)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use abrasive machining, as taught by Goodwater et al. in the Tewari and Gray et al. process because these are merely specific methods for removing damaged material.

Conclusion


Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to M. Alexandra Elve whose telephone number is 571-272-1173. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30-3:00 Monday to Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Patrick J. Ryan can be reached on 571-272-1292. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

October 14, 2006.



M. Alexandra Elve
Primary Examiner 1725